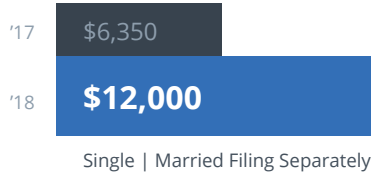


# TAX REFORM

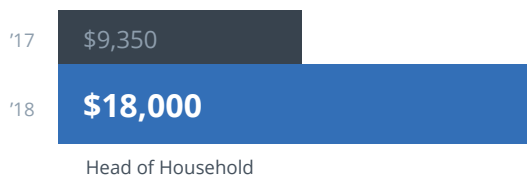
## 10 KEY CHANGES FOR INDIVIDUALS

### 1 Standard Deduction **INCREASED**

A major change from tax reform was a sharp increase in the standard deduction, close to **double the amounts** in 2017.



Single | Married Filing Separately



Head of Household



Married Filing Jointly

### 2 Personal Exemption **ELIMINATED**

Tax filers can **no longer claim the \$4,050** personal exemption for themselves or their dependents.



### 3 Child Tax Credit **EXPANDED**

For 2018, the credit **increases to \$2,000** in value from \$1,000.

A new \$500 credit for non-child dependents is also available.



\* Both credits are subject to income limitations.

### 4 State and Local Taxes **CAPPED**

Taxpayers can **deduct up to \$10,000** in state and local income taxes.



### 5 ACA Individual Mandate **REPEALED**

Those who choose to not have healthcare coverage **in 2019 will not have to pay a tax penalty.**



### 6 Mortgage Interest Deduction **DROPPED**

Individuals who purchase a home in 2018 can **deduct mortgage interest on up to \$750,000** of acquisition indebtedness (previously \$1 million). The interest deduction on home-equity loans was eliminated.



### 7 Tax Brackets **ADJUSTED**

Adjustments to the tax brackets included lowering a number of the tax rates and slightly widening the income thresholds.

Tax Rate	Single Filers	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of household
10%	Up to \$9,525	Up to \$19,050	Up to \$9,525	Up to \$13,600
12%	\$9,526 - \$38,700	\$19,051 - \$77,400	\$9,526 - \$38,700	\$13,601 - \$51,800
22%	\$38,701 - \$82,500	\$77,401 - \$165,000	\$38,701 - \$82,500	\$51,801 - \$82,500
24%	\$82,501 - \$157,500	\$165,001 - \$315,000	\$82,501 - \$157,500	\$82,501 - \$157,500
32%	\$157,501 - \$200,000	\$315,001 - \$400,000	\$157,501 - \$200,000	\$157,501 - \$200,000
35%	\$200,001 - \$500,000	\$400,001 - \$600,000	\$200,001 - \$300,000	\$200,001 - \$500,000
37%	\$500,001 or more	\$600,001 or more	\$300,001 or more	\$500,001 or more

### 8 Retirement Fund Contribution Limits **INCREASED**

Employees can now **contribute up to \$18,500** to their 401(k), 403(b), most 457 plans, and Thrift Savings Plan.

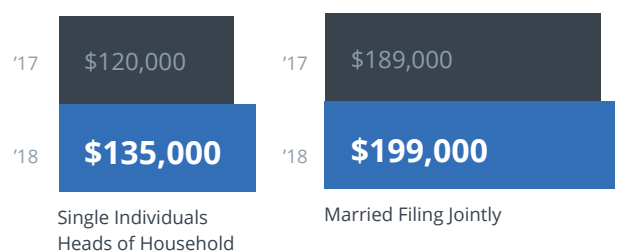
That's a \$500 increase from the 2017 limit.

**\$18,500**



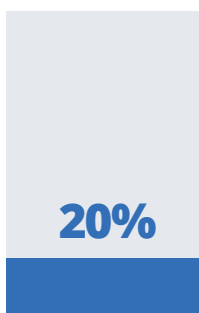
### 9 Roth IRA Contribution Income Phaseout Limits **RAISED**

The income phase out for single individuals and heads of household **raised to \$135,000** from \$120,000. The phaseout for married couples **increased to \$199,000** from \$189,000. No adjustment was made for married individuals who file separate tax returns.



### 10 Qualified Business Income Deduction **INTRODUCED**

Qualified Business Income Deduction (QBI): Taxpayers who own sole proprietorships, LLCs, rental properties, S corporations, and partnerships can generally **deduct 20 percent** of qualified business income.



EXAMPLE

Taxpayer with a QBI of \$100,000 can deduct \$20,000 on income tax return

\*Limitations apply